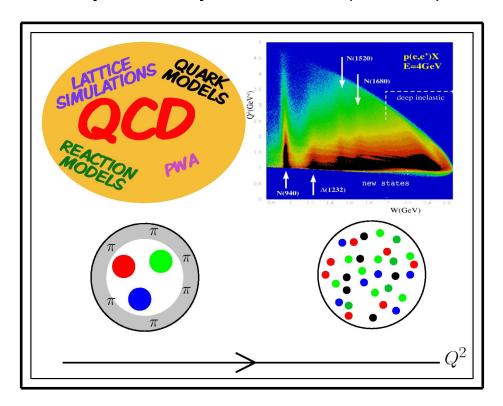
Excited Baryon Program: Theoretical Developments

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Objectives:

Perform theoretical analyses of meson production data

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• Extract N^* parameters : Masses, Widths, Form factors

- Interpret *N** parameters :
 - Hadron models with effective degrees of freedom
 - Lattice QCD

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Understand non-perturbative QCD:

- Confinement mechanism
- Chiral dynamics of meson cloud of baryons

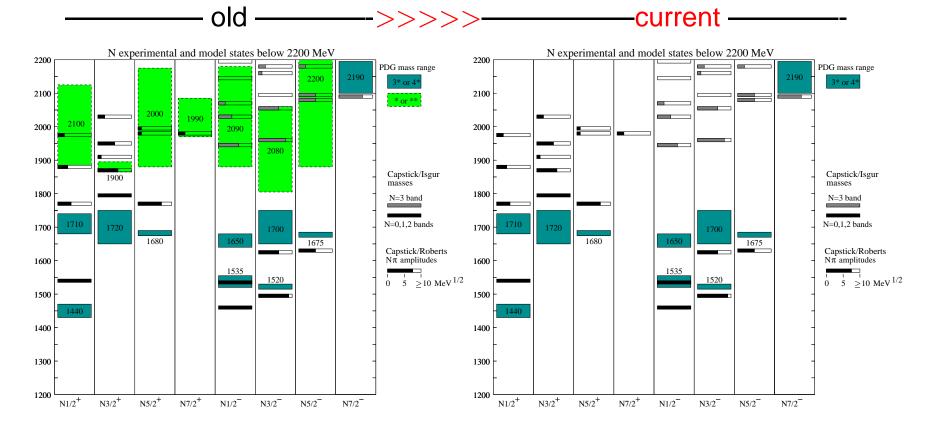
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Current focus:

• Identify baryon excited states at W > 1.7 GeV

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Establish symmetry property $(SU(6) \oplus O(3) \text{ or } ?????)$



Recent PDG assessment: 1- and 2-star states are doubtful

• Extract and interpret $N-N^*$ form factors

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Reveal

- The quark sub-structure of baryon excited states
- The meson cloud effects

General Considerations

• Baryon excited states are coupled to meson-baryon reaction channels to form resonances (N^*)

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Reaction amplitude : $T = t^R + t^{nr}$

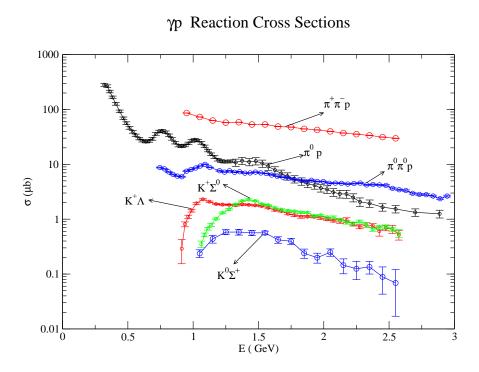
- t^R : changes of internal structure ($N \to \Delta, N(1440), \cdots$)
- t^{nr} : non-resonant interactions between reaction channels (Meson exchanges \cdots)
- Many reaction channels

$$\gamma N, \pi N, \eta N, \omega N, K\Lambda, K\Sigma, \pi \pi N(\pi \Delta, \rho N, \sigma N)$$

 \rightarrow

A multi-channel and multi-resonance reaction problem

Example: $\gamma N \to KY$



Must include:

- coupled-channel effects:
 - $-\gamma p \to \pi N \to KY$
 - $-\gamma p \to \pi\pi N \to KY$
- at least about 10 known N^* resonances

Theoretical Development

Very far from predicting meson-baryon reactions from QCD

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Current effort:

- ullet Develop reaction models to extract N^* parameters
- ullet Interpret N^* parameters using available hadron structure calculations

Note

Analysis based on dispersion relations is difficult:

- can not handle multi-particle channels $(\pi\pi N)$
- not applicable at high Q^2 region

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Develop alternative reaction models

K-matrix models (On-shell approximation, PWA)

$$S = \frac{1+iK}{1-iK}$$

$$K \sim V(tree - diagram)$$

GWU-VPI (SAID), Mainz (MAID), JLab-Yerevan , CMU (PWA)
 Giessen, GWU, KVI , Bonn-Gatchina, JLab-MSU (JM06),
 Valencia, Hiroshima-Onomichi, · · ·

Dynamical Models

$$S = 1 + 2iT$$

$$T = V + \int VGT$$

 \rightarrow

Account for reaction mechanisms in the short-range (off-shell) region where we want to map out N^{*} structure

Sato-Lee, Gross-Surya, Dubna-Mainz-Taipei, Fuda-Alharbi,
 Ohio-Utrecht, Saclay-Pitt-ANL, Pascalutsa-Vanderhaeghen, Julich, ··

Two approaches are complementary:

K-matrix models solve algebraic equations

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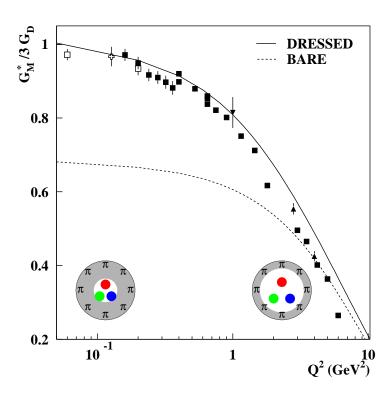
very efficient in processing multi-channel data to get first-run results of N^{\ast} parameters

Dynamical models account for short-range (off-shell) mechanisms
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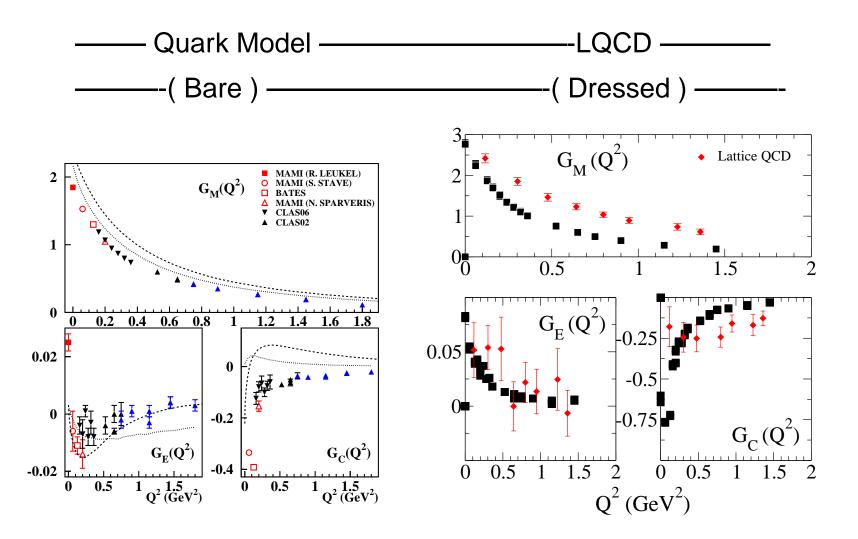
related to hadron structure calculations for interpreting N^* parameters

Selected Recent Results

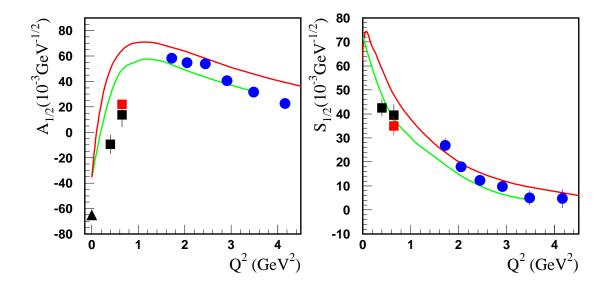
- 1. $\gamma N o \Delta(1232)$ form factors
 - ullet Q^2 -evolution of meson cloud is discovered



Hadron structure calculations are tested



2. $N-N^*(1440)$ form factors agree with Quark Model

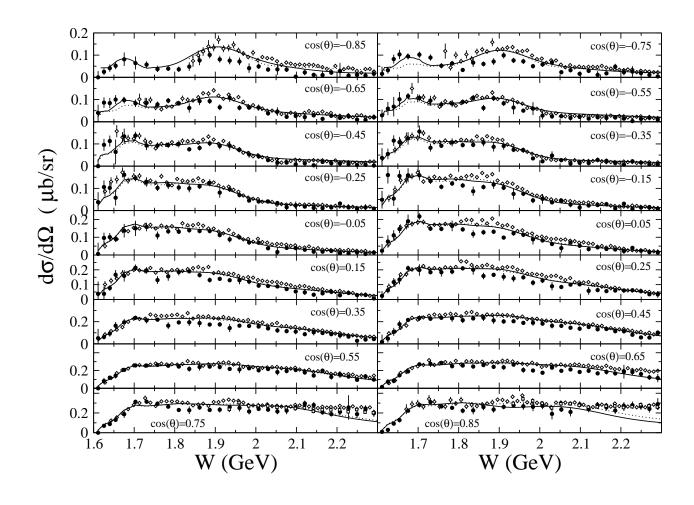


Red curves: S. Capstick and B.D. Keister

Green curves: I. Aznauryan

3. New states at $W>1.7\ {\rm GeV}$ are suggested

Example: Coupled-channel fit to $\gamma p \to K^+ \Lambda$ data of JLab (B. Julia-Diaz et al. 2006)



New states	Mass	Width
S_{11}	1.833	0.288
P_{13}	1.974	0.108
D_{13}	1.912	0.316

Several new states have also been suggested in the K-matrix analyses by Giessen group, GWU group, Bonn-Gatchina group, CLAS collaboration (JM06)

Note

- Need to be further confirmed by analyses including polarization data and more complete coupled-channel analyses.
- Need to be verified by dynamical model analyses

Necessary next step:

Strengthen the collaborations between empirical analyses (PWA, K-matrix analyses) and theoretical efforts (dynamical models, hadron structure calculations)

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Establish Excited Baryon Analysis Center (EBAC) at the Theory Center of Jefferson Laboratory

Excited Baryon Analysis Center (EBAC) Theory Center, Jefferson Laboratory

Established: January, 2006

Goal: Reach a DOE milestone by 2009

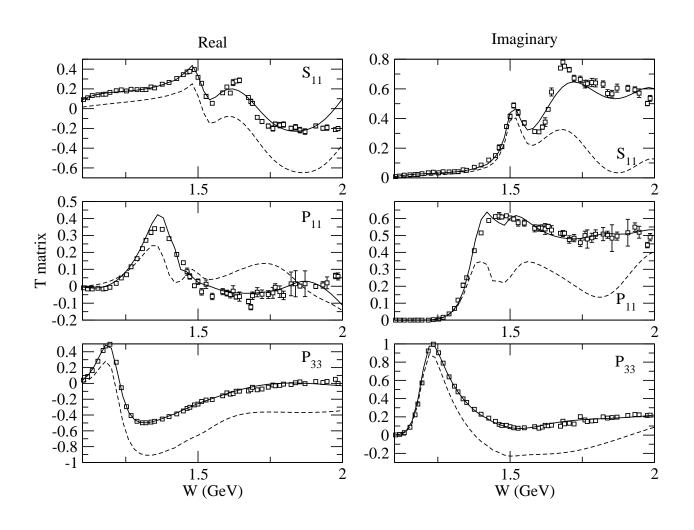
"Complete the combined analysis of available single pion, eta and kaon photo-production data for nucleon resonances and incorporate analysis of two-pion final states into the coupled channel analysis of resonances."

1. On-going theoretical projects:

- Perform Dynamical Coupled-Channel Analysis
 (B. Julia-Diaz, T.-S. H. Lee, A. Matsuyama, M. Paris, T. Sato,
 K. Tsushima)
 - $-\pi N$, ηN , $\pi\pi N$ production
 - $-\omega N$, $K\Lambda$ production
- Develop collaborations with other theoretical efforts
 - Coupled-channel analysis by the Julich group
 (J. Haidenbauer, C. Hanhart, S. Krewald, Ulf-G. Meißner,
 A. Sibirtsev, K. Nakayama, H. Haberzettl)
 - EBAC-Saclay Coupled-channel analysis of η , K photoproduction (J.-C. David, J. Durand, Jun He, B. Julia-Diaz, T.-S. H. Lee, B. Saghai, T. Sato)

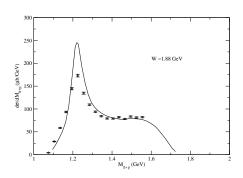
First results from **EBAC**

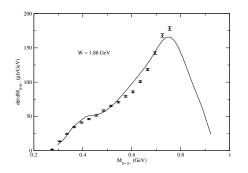
• Fits of πN amplitudes

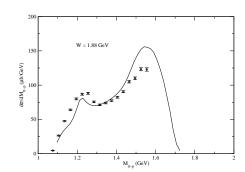


(dashed curves: N^* contributions)

• Start to analyze $\gamma p \to \pi^+\pi^- p$ data of JLab





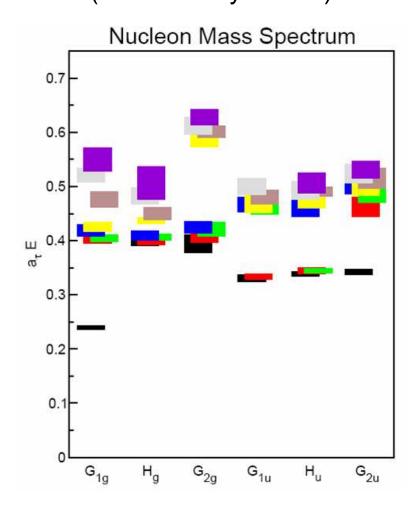


Plans:

- 2007 2008 : Analysis of π , η , $\pi\pi$ production data
- 2008 -2009 : full coupled analysis including ω, K production data

- 2. Provide theoretical input to the data analyses by experimental groups
 - Include the coupled-channel effects in the combined analyses of π , η , $\pi\pi$ production data by CLAS collaboration
 - Collaborations with other experimental groups will be developed
- 3. Projects being developed:
 - Development of reaction models at high Q^2 region, accessible to JLab's 12 GeV upgrade
 - Investigation of the connections with Lattice QCD calculations

Recent LQCD Calculations (Provided by LHPC)



Question:

How to compared with the extracted N^* resonance energies ?

Dynamical Coupled-Channel Analysis at EBAC

Theory Center, JLAB

